European NGO Coalition for the Rights of Young NEETs

Investing in Europe's Invisible Generation - young NEETs and the need for a coordinated approach -



Who is a youngNEET?

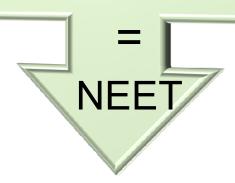






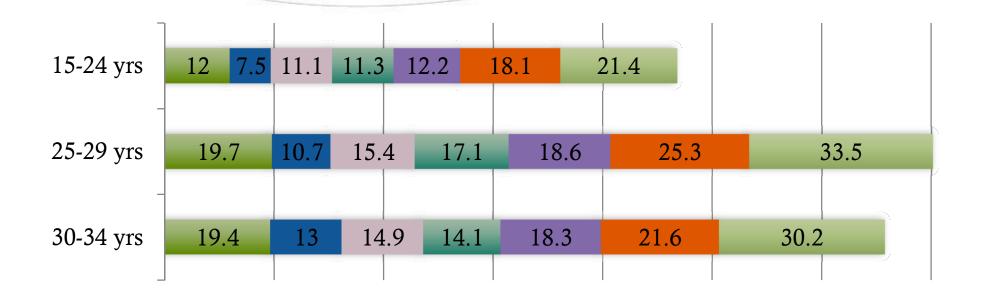
▶ B.

Not in Employment Education or Training

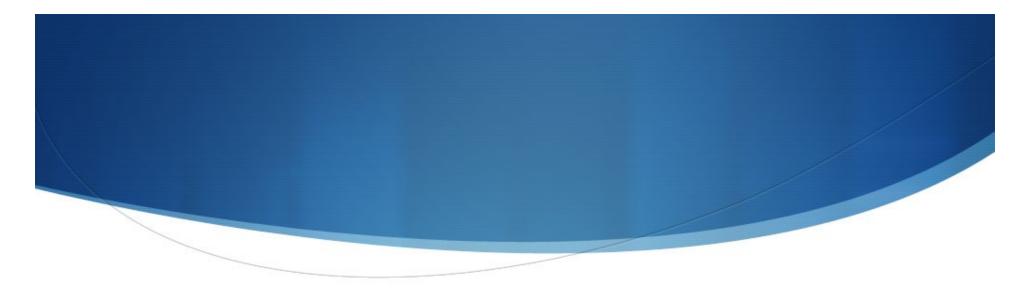


♦ Who has been in a NEET situation – ever, regardless the age?

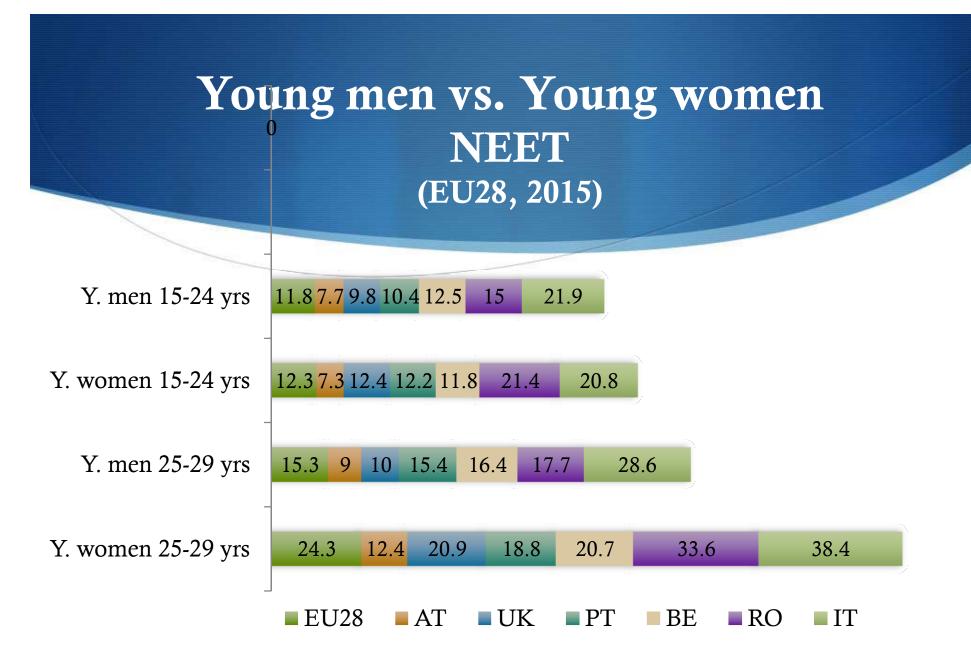
European statistics Young NEET (%) 2015

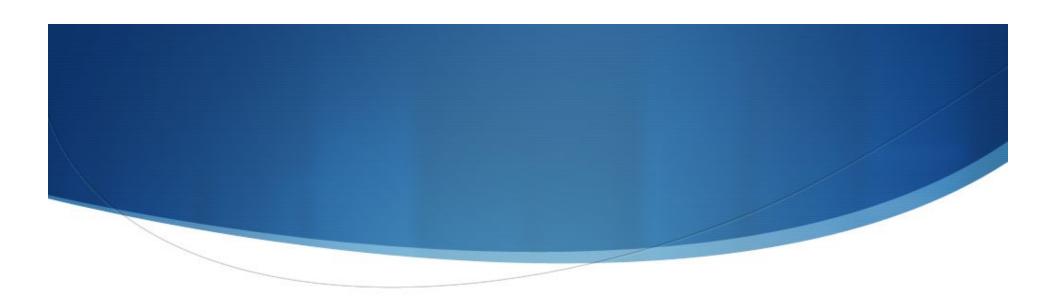






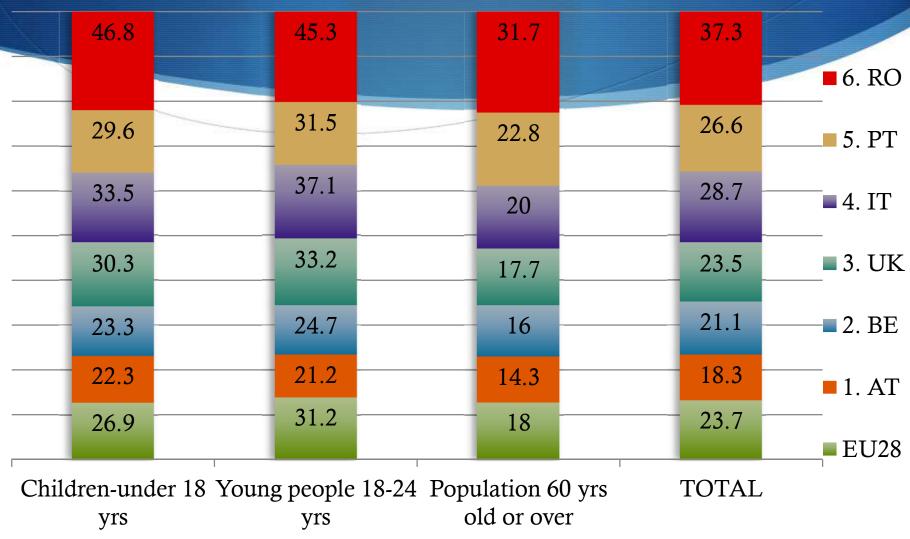
Young Men vs. Young Women any differences?





Causes for NEET situations?

Risk of poverty or social exclusion (2015)



"Învață și dă mai departe" Erasmus 20:30, 3/10/2017 Social DOers, Coaliția Europeana a ONGurilor pentru Drepturile Tinerilor NEET

Risk Factors



Education

Young people with a low level of education are 3 times more likely to become NEET compared to others. *



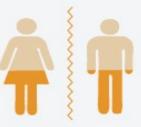
Immigration

Young people with immigration background are 70% more likely to become NEET compared to nationals.



Disability

Those declaring of suffering some kind of disability are 40% more likely of becoming NEET compared to others.



Divorce

Young people who suffered the divorce of their parents are 30% more likely to become NEET.



Unemployment

Having parents who experienced unemployment increases the probability of being NEET by 17%.



Household Income

Young people with a low household income are more likely to become NEET than others.



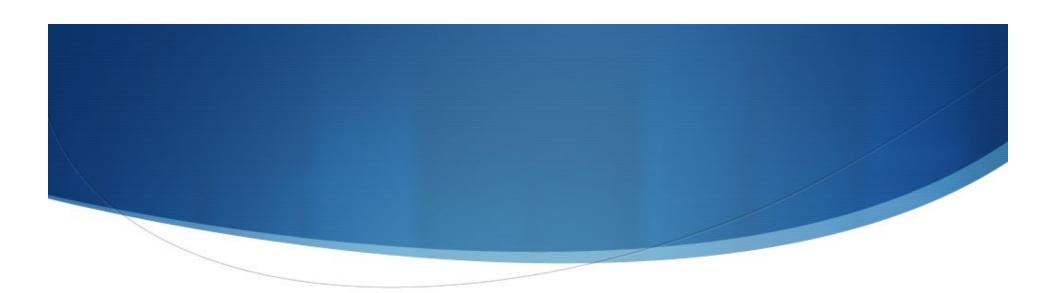
Location

Living in remote areas increases probability of becoming a NEET up to 1.5 times

Education is no safety either: In the EU, 10% of young people with a tertiary education have become NEET. In Austria, Denmark, Germany, the Netherlands, Sweden and the UK, the strops to less than 6% of those with a tertiary education. In Estonia and Italy, however, 20% of those with a tertiary education end up as NEET – twice the EU average.

Costs of young NEETs? Eurofound (2011)

- ♦ 14m NEETs, 15.4% of the young population 15-24 yrs old
- **♦ €153 billion** estimated, in EU27
- Social welfare payments and lost contributions to gross national product (GNP) costs society €14,000 per young NEET:
 - ♦ €11,000 unpaid contributions
 - ♦ €3,000 benefits payments



Why a "NEET Coalition"?

We hit the Target but we miss the Point



One size doesn't fit all!

- Offers of Education, employment, training (or entrepreneurship!) are not **Guaranteeing** solutions.
- ♦ NEET is not an issue of the education and labour market, exclusively.
- "Quality" offers are still relative no clear standards have been developed.
- Different categories of Young NEETs need different measures and sometimes integrated measures.
- Funding needs to be more flexible (fit to support integrated measures).
- There is a need for a **different approach for the most vulnerable categories** of young NEETs.
- There is a need for **more quality research** on the specific situations young NEETs are living in (at community/local level).

(continued)

- Most of the National Governments didn't put in place Monitoring processes
 - for the implementation & impact of programmes designed for young NEETs.
- There are **no clear systems to identify young NEETs** and Members States still work with estimations instead of real data.
- **PES offices** still lack the capacity to directly reach young NEETs.
- **Prevention measures are forgotten** while intervention ones are preferred for immediate (but not sustainable) results.
- ♦ Youth Work needs to be recognized as one of the best prevention measures & outreach to young NEETs.
- European programmes need to be complemented by permanent national policies for young NEETs and young people at risk.

What we want to do?

- Giving voice to the needs of young NEETs at policy level.
- Engaging professional NGOs and youth workers in processes of Monitoring & Evaluation (M&E) on implementation of Youth Guarantee and other existing public policies & funding.
- Emphasizing the added value of youth work in building life skills and learning competences for young people, and not being 'limited' to the narrative of 'having them employed' as a purpose in itself.
- Working towards a cross-sectorial cooperation, at all levels, by contributing to the dialogue between decision makers and structures active at grass roots level.

The pilot initiative Outcomes (1)

- ♦ Funded by Erasmus+ Romanian National Agency KA3, structured dialogue
- Supported multi-stakeholder dialogues in 6 countries: Austria, Belgium, Italy, Portugal, Romania, UK
- Directly involved young NEETs in consultation processes
- ▶ Promoted cross-sectorial cooperation at national level aiming to create national platforms that can be permanently engaged in M&E policies, focusing on young NEETs
- ♦ Gathered quality data about the situation of young NEETs and the role of youth work in preventing and addressing the specific challenges − a set of policy recommendations will be presented in March 2017
- Supported 2 coordination meetings within the partnership & 1 Conference in the European Parliament

Outcomes (2)

- Starts the process of a pan-European platform working for the rights of young NEETs gathering various stakeholders:
 - NGOs & specialists working with young NEETs
 - Public Authorities (regional & national)
 - Social Partners
 - Educational Institutions
 - Members of the European Parliament

Next steps (1)

- Working on ensuring access to young NEETs' rights (or at risk of becoming NEETs)
- Ensuring there is a constant voice of young NEETs either directly or with the support of the specialists working with them
- ♦ Advocating for better public policies & legislation affecting Young NEETs (at national and European level)
- ♦ Working with other European countries to create a "raising awareness movement" on what concept of "young NEETs" actually means and support the establishment of national Coalitions/Networks
- **Cooperating** with public institutions directly responsible for policies with impact on youth (at national and European level)
- ▶ Promoting **prevention policies** and identifying "trends" that contribute to the NEET phenomenon e.g. young immigrants or young refugees

Next steps (2)

- Developing research projects and providing data on the situations of Young NEETs, and examples of good practice
- Advocating for fair funding methodologies addressed to Young NEETs (while ensuring equal access to NGOs and social partners).
- **♦** Engaging in processes of Monitoring & Evaluation
- **Creating synergies** between the national and European level − by supporting public institutions (at national level) to use the European opportunities, as well as to feed in the European process.
- Invest in the recognition of youth work and support the capacity building of youth workers as actors of change in the communities where the young NEETs live.
- <u>Understanding our limitations − knowing there is no ONE solution, but actively working to ensure real opportunities and that there will be no OTHER invisible generations!</u>



Last but not least,

why do we need to strengthen the Youth sector & why do we want to work for a "NEET coalition"...

Throughout 2012, the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe (PACE) debated a paper on The Young Generation Sacrificed:

"The persisting economic instability across Europe has exposed young people to unprecedented hardship.

Unemployment, underemployment, socio-economic inequalities, poverty and exclusion disproportionately affect the young generation, whose autonomy, dignity, well-being and access to rights are rapidly eroding.

As a result, Europe risks not only producing a 'lost generation' of disillusioned young people, but also undermining its political stability and social cohesion, justice and peace, as well as its long-term competitiveness and development prospects in the global context."

(PACE, 2012RIDcit0037)

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Thank you for your attention!



Let's keep in touch!

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